## Letter to the Editor

## Benjamin Hobson (1816–1873): His Role in the Absorption of Western Medicine and Anatomy in Japan

To the Editor, Clinical Anatomy:

In their article on Benjamin Hobson (1816–1873), Bosmia et al. (2014) reviewed the Japanese translation by Ishiguro Atsushi of Benjamin Hobson's first medical textbook in Chinese: *Zen Tai Shin Ron* (1857) and stated in the abstract



**Fig. 1**. An illustration of a twin pregnancy from the *Zen Tai Shin Ron Yakkai* (1874), Volume 1 (Heaven). The plates in this second edition of the *Zen Tai Shin Ron* are somewhat smaller but otherwise equal to the plates in the 1857 edition. The figure comments emphasize that either legs or head will come out first.



**Fig. 2.** William Smellie, Anatomical Tables (Dutch Edition, Amsterdam, 1765), plate X. [Color figure can be viewed in the online issue, which is available at wileyonlinelibrary.com.]

of their article that the illustrations from Hobson's book were derived form William Cheselden's *Anatomical Tables* (1730) and *Osteographia* (1733).

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We were able to investigate the second Japanese edition of A New Theory of the Body: Zen Tai Shin Ron Yakkai (Hobson, 1874). The illustration depicting a twin pregnancy is clearly a rendition in the reverse from plate X in William Smellie's Anatomical Tables (1754) (Figs. 1 and 2). As an Englishman Hobson would have been familiar with Smellie's work. Smellie's Anatomical Tables were known to Japanese physicians since the end of the 18th century, via the Dutch edition of 1765 (Van der Weiden and Uhlenbeck, 2010; Van der Weiden et al., 2013).

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